Section A: Multiple Choice [32 points]

- 1. Which of the following constellations are visible during the summer?
 - A. Delphinus
 - B. Taurus
 - C. Monoceros
 - D. Eridanus
- 2. Which stars make up the Winter Triangle asterism?
 - A. Regulus, Spica, Arcturus
 - B. Sirius, Procyon, Betelgeuse
 - C. Vega, Altair, Deneb
 - D. Alpheratz, Algenib, Markab
- 3. The moon is at its upper culmination at 8pm, mean solar time. Estimate the phase of the moon.
 - A. Waning Gibbous
 - B. Waning Crescent
 - C. Waxing Gibbous
 - D. Waxing Crescent
- 4. Arrange the following stages of the life cycle of a star of one solar mass in chronological order Red-giant branch, Planetary nebula, White dwarf, Main sequence star, Helium Flash.
 - A. Main sequence star, Red-giant branch, Helium Flash, Planetary nebula, White dwarf
 - B. Main sequence star, Helium Flash, Red-giant branch, Planetary nebula, White dwarf
 - C. Main sequence star, Red-giant branch, Helium Flash, White dwarf, Planetary nebula
 - D. Main sequence star, Helium Flash, Red-giant branch, White dwarf, Planetary nebula

- 5. How are the rings of Saturn thought to be formed?
 - A. They coalesced during the formation of the Solar System
 - B. They were ejected from the surface of Saturn by a massive meteor impact.
 - C. They are the disintegrated remains of some of Saturn's moons and captured meteorites
 - D. They were gravitationally captured from the interstellar medium
- 6. The James Webb Space Telescope is to be sent to the second Lagrange point of the Earth-Sun system. What is the significance of doing so?
 - A. The telescope would require little expenditure of energy to maintain its orbit
 - B. The Earth would shield the telescope from the intense solar radiation
 - C. The Moon would shield the telescope from the intense solar radiation
 - D. It allows for ground control to communicate easily with the telescope
- 7. Which of the following is not a possible method of detecting exoplanets?
 - A. To observe the wobbling of the parent star due to the gravitational influence of the planet
 - B. To observe the doppler shift of light emitted by the parent star due to the gravitational influence of the planet
 - C. To observe the periodic dips in the brightness of the parent star due to planetary transits
 - D. All of the above are possible methods for detecting exoplanets
- 8. An 8 inch Dobsonian telescope with a focal ratio of f/6 is used with a 12mm Plossel eyepiece. Calculate the magnifying power of the telescope. (1 inch = 25.4mm)
 - A. 30x
 - B. 50x
 - C. 100x
 - D. 200x
- 9. Approximately how much higher is the limiting magnitude of a telescope than that of the human eye? Assume that the telescope has an aperture of 200mm and the diameter of the human iris is 5mm. (A magnitude difference of 5 corresponds to a 100-fold difference in luminosity).
 - A. 6.0
 - B. 7.0
 - C. 8.0
 - D. 9.0

	A. Reduced vibrations and provides a more stable viewing platform
	B. Convenience of tracking the diurnal motion of the stars
	C. It can be made more compact than an Alt-az mount
	D. It is less complex than the Alt-az mount
coı	rio (β Cygni) is a double star system in the constellation Cygnus. The magnitudes of the onent stars Alberio A & Alberio B are given by 3.18 and 5.82 respectively. Find the rent magnitude of Alberio.
	A. 2.96
	B. 3.09
	C. 3.49
	D. 4.75
	h of the following stars is circumpolar in Romania (44°25'N 26°06'E)? (Circum-polar are stars that never set).
	A. ζ Herculis (16h41 m/+31°36')
	B. β Böotis (15h01m/+40°23')
	C. θ Aurigae (5h59m/+37°12')
	D. γ Draconis (17h56m/+51°26')
	by 0.586AU & 35.1AU respectively. Predict when it will next return.
	A. 2036
	B. 2052
	C. 2061
	D. 2096
	would be the maximum speed of a meteor on a parabolic orbit around the sun, whose of closest approach is 1 AU?
	A. 42.1 km/s
	B. 58.4 km/s
	C. 77.1 km/s
	D. 92.8 km/s

10. What is the advantage of an Equatorial telescope mount as compared to an Alt-az mount?

- 15. Estimate the lifespan of the Sun. (Mass of H: 1.00794u; Mass of He: 4.002602u)
 - A. 8.5 Billion Years
 - B. 9.6 Billion Years
 - C. 10.2 Billion Years
 - D. 10.7 Billion Years
- 16. Calculate the length of the shortest day that can be experienced in Romania (44°25'N 26°06'E). (*Earth's axial tilt is 23.4*.)
 - A. 8h 12m
 - B. 8h 39m
 - C. 9h 04m
 - D. 9h 25 m